OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The NATIONAL GAZETTE:

By JONATHAN FREE, *of the Duchy of* Cornwall, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1751. [N°. 23.

—Clades ſcire qui refugit ſuas,
Gravat timorem. —— SEN.

REVOLUTION PRINCIPLES (captivating Words they are!) are Words however much oftener pronounced than underſtood; and tho' to render their Meaning more general may be a deſirable, yet is it not a very eaſy, Task,—if we give into a jeſuitical Weticiſm founded in a ſcholaſtic Axiom applied on this Occaſion, That Non-entities are not leſs inexplicable by human Ability, than imperceptible to human Obſervation. But not to involve the Reader in metaphyſical Sciolism, (of which I confeſs no ſmall Contempt) I ſhall preſently conſider the matter diſengaged of the Toils thus artfully contrived by the Wiles of Jeſuitiſm and Sophiſtry.

But did thoſe jeſuitical or jacobitical Wits ('tis all one) who had thus libelled *Revolution-Principles* as Non-Entities, go farther; did they alſo aver, That *Revolution-Princes* too are more talked-of than known, are rather Images of Fancy than Beings of Truth;—did they, I ſay, audaciouſly aver this, where would be the Novelty, where the Wonder, —when it is conſidered, that thoſe who annihilate Cauſe cannot be ſuppoſed capable of admitting their Effects! —— Let thoſe who are ſo diſaffectedly ſubtle, who can digeſt ſuch *ipſe-dixit* Impertinence, bear with theſe Malignants the Labor of Reſearch: But the leſs affected and more curious, will with me purſue the Speculation, 'till we fix our Ideas, of *Revolution Principles* and *Princes*.

In order to a Perſpicuity in our Inveſtigation we muſt firſt unwind the Clue to it's very inmoſt Fold. We ſhall then be enabled to take a juſt Menſuration of the Length, and to form as good a Judgement of the Strength and Value, of the Commodity in queſtion.

In tracing the Origin of *Revolution Principles*, we muſt not then curtail our Retroſpection to the Year 1688: If we extend the View as far back as the Field of *Hiſtory* will enable, we ſhall more ſurely ſucceed in our Endeavours: We may find *Revolution Principles* early in Agitation. Baniſhing natural, inſtituting rational, Liberty; aſſociating human, to reſtrain brutal, Savages; eſtabliſhing Right, puniſhing Wrong; in a word, ſhaping Order out of Confuſion, inviting Science and improving Arts, have been all attributed to the Operation of thoſe Principles which are now dignified, none will be diſguiſed, by the diſtinguiſhing Mark derived to them from the Tranſactions of the memorable Year before mentioned.

Hence the *Revolution*, to the Confuſion of all Cavillers, is demonſtrably founded in the remoteſt Antiquity: Erected on ſuch a Baſis, what frothy Clamour, what windy Clamour, can ſap or ſhake the Superſtructure?

Hence too, *Revolution Principles* are realized, are developed from the Net of Craft, and proved callous to the Aſperity of diſaffected Ridicule: Did we ſay more, that the Honour of *Revolution Princes* is too well underſtood, and their Glory too illuſtrious, to need Elucidation, we might be well *juſtify'd* in the Aſſertion.

To enumerate the Bleſſings of the Revolution would be an Affront to the ingenious Reader. The Subject muſt carry ſo much of the Common-place, ſo much of the Trite, with it, that his patient Attention could ſcarcely be even hoped-for: Beſides, beaten as the Tract may be, I will not diſſemble my Inability of Perſeverance in it: A worn-out Path requires the ſteadier Foot of the unwearied *Camel*; and, to avoid an Imputation I have often obſerved verify'd,

(Sic ne perdiderit, non ceſſat perdere luſor)

I muſt avoid the Cauſe of it; and leave the Journey to be completed by thoſe who are *Camel footed* enough to proſecute it.

To put the matter however out of Diſpute, and to confound all Hereſies, let us now particularly examine where *Revolution Principles* may not be, as before we ſummarily obſerved where they were, exemplify'd. By this negative, and the other affirmative, Method of Definition, we ſhall ſhut out even the Poſſibility of Contradiction, and turn Cavil itſelf into Exile. And for the ſake of Diverſion let us ſubjoin to every Inſtance the perverted Comment of a *jacobitical* Expoſitor.

I. If a mighty Nation ever become the Prey of Sharks, bred in the Warmth of her own Boſom, her *Revolution-Principles* muſt, with herſelf, ſink into the ſame Perdition.

Jacobitically innuendoed.

I. If a wicked M***, eſtabliſhing every grievous Tax, ranſacking the Seats of Treaſure, erecting Schemes of Pillage, countenancing and enriching Lottery Vagabonds, plunging the Public into irretrievable Debt and inſuperable Poverty; if ſuch a M***y ariſe in *England*, it muſt be after the Eſtabliſhment of the pretending *Revolution Principles*.

II. If that Nation, from the higheſt Stretch of Glory, fall into the moſt univerſal Contempt, it will infallibly appear her Councils could not be actuated by her peculiar *Principles*.

Jacobitically innuendoed.

II. That her Councils were of *peculiar Principles* is manifeſt, or ſhe would never have ruſhed a Principal into a War in which her Intereſt would have neutralized her, would never have undertaken a Load ſhe was ſo utterly incapable of bearing; would not, but for the Precipitation of the ſame *Principles*, have abjectly confeſſed her Weakneſs, and thrown off the Burden at the only Time ſhe ſeemed able to ſuſtain it; would not have clapt up a premature Peace, at the Expence of her own Honour and of her Ally's Territories, when her Northern Champions, their Swords drawn to her Relief, might have procured a Peace more honourable, conſiderate, equitable and laſting: Had theſe *Principles* been leſs prevalent, that *definitive* Peace, as it is ridiculouſly and ignorantly called, would not have been concluded and it's principal Motive unanſwer'd, nor have been the Prelude to long-trailed Negociations which probably can only honorably terminate in another War.

O mihi præteritos referat ſi Jupiter annos!

I would here juſt hint to my jacobitical Expoſitor, that Decency of Speech is but a Debt of Gratitude due to the Liberty of it. The Preſs he will remember, had a Licenſer during his golden Age, which but for that (and a few other Marks of Tyranny) had continued to the End of all his Wiſhes.

III. If ever it ſhould come to paſs, that a very inconſiderable foreign Province of ſuch a Nation as we have been ſpeaking of, having repugnant Intereſts, ſhould be a Thorn in the Sides of her great Principal, by dividing her into Parties, perplexing her Councils, & diverting her Policy into a falſe Channel; whether in ſuch a caſe it would not be acting contradictory to *Revolution Principles* to continue the unnatural Junction, when an obvious Expedient invites a Separation by the means of a younger Branch of the ſame Family?

Veneration for the Liberty of the Preſs will not here admit the Innuendo of our Caſuiſt.

IV. If it be allowed, Kings never reign ſo ſafely and gloriouſly as in the Hearts of their Subjects, would it not be inconſiſtent with the *Principles* in debate, to ſecrete themſelves as it were from the Knowlege, and in ſome degree therefore from the Affection, of the major Part of their Subjects?

Innuendo.

IV. Former Kings, particularly ſince the Acceſſion of *James* I. have found their Account in traverſing their Dominions, and gladdening by their kindly Influence the Countenance of the Multitude; but theſe royal Circuits have been diſcontinued for Reaſons of State in this Century, becauſe it ſeems they did not ſquare with the Principles of it.

V. If the beloved Son of a beloved deceaſed Prince ſhould be adviſed to frequent Viſits among the remoteſt of his hereditary Subjects, might not ſuch Advice ſeem the Effect of *Revolution Principles*, and the Omiſſion of that Advice ſeem, or rather really be, the Want of thoſe Principles?

Innuendo.

V. If ever any other beloved Prince, beſides him in the Years 44-5, viſits his remote Subjects, the Principles ſo much boaſted will be perfectly eradicated: The old Maxim will be revived,

Principis eſt virtus maxima nôſſe ſuos:

But I hope (for Reaſons better known than declared) I ſhall not ſee it practiced but by thoſe in whom it hath already been illuſtrioufly, and may one day be ſucceſsfully, verify'd!

Having diſplayed both Sides of the Leaf, I ſhall not anticipate the Reader's Ingenuity. The Concluſion muſt be all his own. I ſhall only in general obſerve, That the cloſer a Government adheres to her firſt Principles, and the clearer a People underſtand thoſe Principles, the farther will the former be from derogating into Tyranny, and the latter from degenerating into Slaves.

ERRATA in our laſt:

Firſt Col. pag. 1, 17 *Lines from the Bottom, read* comparative Light *inſtead of* comparable Light. *Col.* 3, 18 *Lines from the Bottom, read* as ſo flatly *inſtead of* as it flatly, *&c.* —— *Several other little Errata frequently ſlip, which are left to the Reader's Correction.*

LONDON.

We hear that an Anſwer has been drawn up to the Memorial lately preſented here on the Part of France, by which that Crown maintains its Right of Sovereignty to the Iſland of St. Lucia, and 'tis ſaid (or at leaſt hoped) that a Demand will ſpeedily be made for a final Determination on that Head, from the Court of Verſailles; and 'tis likewiſe hoped, that as the Determination is to be final, it will alſo be honorable.

1758

LONDON.

Wednesday in the Afternoon, as the Wife of Mr. Cotterell an Exchange Broker, and her two Daughters, with a Son behind the Chaise, were going over Finchley Common, the Son got down and pulled the Horse's Bridle off to let the Horse drink in a Pond; when, a Waggoner coming bye and smacking his Whip the Horse in the Chaise took fright, ran away, and overturned them in a Ditch, whereby Mrs. Cotterell was terribly bruised, and the eldest Daughter had her Arm broke. A Higler coming by, who knew them, immediately rode to Highgate, from whence he brought a Surgeon and a Coach, which carried them to their House at Islington, where the Daughter's Arm was set, and Mrs. Cotterel let Blood, and such other proper Means used, that 'tis hoped they will do well.

We have Advice that the Maid Servant belonging to that truly unfortunate Gentleman, who was lately poison'd at Henley in Oxfordshire, is now dead; and that Dr. Lewis, one of the Physicians who attended Mr. Blandy during his Illness, having breakfasted at the House, and drank Tea out of a Cannister in which a Portion of Poison is supposed to have been put for the unhappy Gentleman, now feels the sad Effects, being already swell'd to an enormous Size; and 'tis feared that notwithstanding all his own Skill, and that those of the Faculty he consults, he will scarce be able to get rid of his Disorder.

On Monday two young Gentlemen, on a Wager endeavoured to out-drink each other with Cherry Brandy; and one of them, who had drank near three Quarts, was suddenly taken ill, and died on Tuesday at his Lodgings, near Temple Bar; the other is so bad that there are little Hopes of his Recovery.

A few Days since a very unlucky Accident happen'd at Sutton-Courtney near Abingdon in Berkshire: A Brewer's Dray going from Sutton to that Place, and there happening to be a Flush just drawn for an Oxford Boat, the Draymen being drunk attempted to cross the River, the one upon the Dray, and the other on one of the Horses; but the Stream running with great Rapidity, drove them down the River a considerable Way; when the Man on the Dray, being apprehensive of Danger, jump'd into the River, and swam to Shore; but the other, with the Horses, was drove by the Water into a Hole, whose Cries being heard by some Company near, they came to his Assistance, and, by swimming immediately to the Dray, cut the Harness from the Horses, which were with Difficulty sav'd, but the Man lost his Life.

The Solder sentenced to Death for Desertion, will be shot in Hyde Park, on Tuesday the 17th.

We hear that some new Laws and Regulations relating to the Government of the Army, are under Consideration of several General Officers.

On Wednesday Evening a Gentleman of the Temple was stopt near the Half-way House in the Road to Deptford, by a Person who presented a Pistol to his Breast, which was immediately beat out of his Hand; but the Fellow recovered it in an Instant; and a scuffle ensuing, a confederate appeared, who told him if his Companion could not make him stand, he would, and pretended to stop him for contraband Goods, but some more Persons coming to the Gentleman's Assistance, they were both secured and committed by Justice Hammond to the New Goal in the Borough.

On Saturday last several Robberies were committed on the Western Road, within twenty Miles of London. About Four o'Clock in the Afternoon a Gentleman in a Chaise near Turnham Green, saw a Man pass by on Horseback, who he declared had robbed him; upon which an Outcry was raised, and Pursuit was made. Immediately the Fellow pulled out a Pistol, and threaten'd to shoot a Gentleman if he offer'd to stop him. The Gentleman then attempted to fire, but his Pistol flashed in the Pan. The Fellow then rode on very hard towards Hounslow, and three or four Persons after him. Mr. Deaves of Ipswich being upon the Road, coming to London, took the Alarm, and turned his Horse and pursued the Highwayman so close, that Mr. Deaves laid hold of him. He then fired his pistol at Mr. Deaves, and slightly wounded him in the Head, and part of the Shot lodged in his Horse's Neck; upon this, Mr. Deaves dismounted him, and carried him before J. D. Birkhead, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the peace, at Isleworth, who committed him to Newgate.

Yesterday se'nnight the Dwelling House of John White a Farmer at Stone, in the Parish of Wimborne, in Dorsetshire, was broke open, the Farmer and all his Family being busy in the Fields about their Harvest, and the Farmer and his Wife's Wearing Apparel, with about ten or eleven Pounds in Money, and two Pair of Sheets were carried off by the Rogue without Interruption; but on the Farmer's having Intelligence who the Rogue was, pursued him to Salisbury, hearing of him by the stolen Goods which he disposed of in small Parcels as he went, where he found him in the fittest Place imaginable, viz. the Country Prison, at Fisherton-Anger, (where he went to see a Friend) equipped in the very great Coat, Hat and Plush Breeches, which he had stolen out of the House. He was immediately seized and committed.

A few Days since Thomas Blanchet was committed to the said Goal, at Fisherton Anger, by Edward Hearst, Esq; for setting his Name as a subscribing Witness, to a false, forged, and counterfeit Will of John Gibson, late of Berwick St. James, in Wiltshire, deceased.

On Saturday a Clogmaker that lived in the Mint, was taken on Information of an Accomplice, charg'd with committing several Robberies in St. George's Fields, and places adjacent.

At the Assizes at Chester, came on a Trial upon a Matter entirely new. A Tradesman of Macclesfield in that County, brought his Action against a Post-master, for charging a Letter more than Fourpence, as it contained two or three Patterns or Samples of Goods, though the whole Packet did not exceed the Weight of one Ounce. After many learned Arguments on both Sides, the Special Jury, consisting of a worthy Baronet, and several of the principal Gentlemen of Cheshire, brought in a Verdict for the Plaintiff, with one Shilling Damages.

Tuesday was brought before John Fielding Esq; and by him committed to the Gatehouse, Mary Gollings, upon the Oath of Charles Byrne, for feloniously taking from the said Charles, a Coat, Waistcoat, Shirt, Hat, Snuff Box, and a Hankerchief. To effect which she made use of the following Stratagem: An Amour being agreed upon, the Girl perswaded her Bedfellow, the Weather being warm, to lay in Buff, which he did, and upon his dropping asleep, she removed the above Contents, and returned to her Lover; in the Morning she affected a great Surprize at his Loss, but a Suspicion arising, she was searched, and the had imprudently put the Snuff Box and Handkerchief into her Pocket.

On Sunday a Woman belonging to St. Martin's Workhouse, was taken up for playing the Impostor in the Street; she pretended to be subject to Fits, and went from Street to Street and gathered a Mob about her, who gave her Charity from Commiseration; but a Gentleman seeing her as he was passing by the End of Oxendon Street, had the Curiosity to examine her, and found her to be a most artful Impostor, in counterfeiting a very melancholy Disorder with which she was not affected, and she is to be whipt for the Offence.

The last letters we received from Poland brought Advice, that the Heyduks continue to infest not only the Frontiers of that Kingdom, but likewise those of Russia, where they had defeated a Party that was conducting the Baggage of Count Rasoumowsky, Brother to the General of the Cossacks, and carried off great Part of it.

Sunday the Antelope, Capt. John M'Clellan, sailed from Gravesend for Georgia, with 110 German Protestants, who came from Germany on the Invitation of their Countrymen at Ebenezer in Georgia, and go over at their own Expence to settle in that Colony.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Jamaica to his Friend in London, dated Kingston, Jamaica, June 16, 1751.

"I am sorry there's very little Trade, Business, or Money now, and no Prospect of an Alteration of Affairs; People going off the Island ten to one more than comes on it, besides a very sickly Time, and People dying very fast; from which you may imagine Plenty of empty Houses. In short the Credit of the Island is lost, and we are looked on as in a very bad Plight. Desolation, Misery, and Ruin appears in all our Faces; and without the Government in England will permit us to make Reprisals on the Spaniards, we shall be absolutely undone to all Intents and Purposes, being now, thro' want of Cash obliged to barter Rum and Sugar for what Necessaries we want, and can hardly do that, People not knowing what to do with it, the Money being almost all drained off by Remittances to England and the Continent of America."

They write from Amsterdam, that by divers Letters received there from Santa Croce and Saffia, on the Coast of Africa, they have a Confirmation, that the Emperor of Morocco had ceeded those two Ports to the King of Denmark: The Contents of which Letters are as follow:

That M. John Rei, Consul of his Danish Majesty, having repaired to the said Emperor, concluded a Treaty with him, in which it is stipulated among other Things, That the Danes shall be put in Possession of the said two Ports; and that they may carry on Trade there, exclusive of all other Nations; that they shall be allowed to build Ports there; and all this in Consideration of 70,000 Ducats which the King of Denmark has engaged to pay to the Emperor of Morocco, besides a considerable Present of Artillery, warlike Stores, Masts, Rigging, &c.

These Letters add, that the Governor of Saffia having apprized the Christian Traders in that City of the said Sale or Cession, they had sent a Memorial or Petition to the Court of Morocco, setting forth the services they had rendered to the Nation since their being settled there: In particular they brought from Europe more Goods than could be vended in the Country, whose Products and Manufactures were not sufficient to ballance them. That from the Year 1737 to 1747, they had imported from England, Holland and France a Quantity of Corn sufficient to obviate the scarcity thereof in the Emperor's Dominions, whose subjects must otherwise have perished by Famine; and, in fine, that they had made Pieces of Eight so plenty in the Country that another Mint was erected to Coin Money with the Emperors Stamp: Wherefore, they hoped that the said Sale would be suspended, or at least that the new Comers would be ordered to buy up with ready Money, the Commodities which the Petitioners actually have in the Country; and that the latter should moreover be allowed a reasonable Term for transporting their Effects, calling in their Debts, &c.

Copy of the Danish Ambassador's Letter to the European Merchants settled at Saffia.

"GENTLEMEN,

"You are hereby apprized, that his Highness Sedy Mehemet has sold by a Treaty the Customs of Saffia and Santa Croce, to Frederick V. King of Denmark, Norway, &c. and that no Ships but those under Danish Colours will be admitted to traffick in the said Ports from and after the 1st of September next: Whereof I certify you by the present Letter, that you may take your Measures accordingly, and to serve as Notice to all whom it may concern.

Dated at Saffia, I have the Honour to be, &c.
July 6, 1751. Signed DELONGUEVILLE.

Letters from Saffia further observe, that the four Danish Frigates have sailed to Magodor, in order to begin to erect a new Fort in Consequence of this Treaty, the Inhabitants made so strong an Opposition that they were obliged to return to Santa Croce, where they have already marked out the Ground for a Fort, &c.

About the same Time the same Ambassador gave public Notice at Santa Croce, that he would allow the Merchants no more than 40 Days to settle their Affairs and sell off their Goods; after which Term what Merchandizes are found unsold should be confiscated, as also the Ships that should come to trade there after the first of September; and such as refuse to obey, shall be proceeded against in the Way of Military Execution. It is hoped these Measures will occasion a Revolt of the Natives.

Letter from Italy bring an Account of an Affair which is like to have very serious and fatal Consequences. Some Time ago Cardinal Doria, who is Lord Lieutenant at Bologna, taking Offence at indiscreet Expressions let fall by the Chevalier Corziolari, caused him to be seized; and not long after banished the Territory, his Jurisdiction. A little after the Chevalier obtained a Pair of Colours in the Duke of Modena, upon which he ventured to return to the Bolagnese; and the Cardinal was no sooner informed of it, than he caused him to be disarmed, and sent to Fort Urban, of which he gave immediate Notice to the Court of Modena, where seeming to meet with little Attention, the Cardinal after some Weeks Imprisonment, dismissed the Chevalier, and banished a second Time. A few Days after he was dismissed, the Commandant of the Fort Urban had occasion to go to Modena, but was no sooner within the City Gates, than he was seized and sent to Prison; from whence after some Confinement he has dismissed with a gentle Intimation, that if ever he set Foot in the Dominions of Modena again, he should be shown the short Way to the Gallows. This has so incensed the People of Bologna, that after the Beginning of the Month, a Body of 150 Men made an Irruption into the Villages of Campo Santo and St. Cesario, destroying all before them and not sparing even the Inhabitants; of whom 14 were killed upon the Spot, and a great many desperately wounded.

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WHICH smelled to, instantly relieves Persons in the most dismal fainting or swooning Fits, and in a Moment removes Flushings, Vapours, Dulness, Head-achs, Megrims, &c. It takes off all heavy Sleepiness, retards Swooning, keeps up the Spirits to a Miracle, and not only prevents Fainting, but invigorates and enlivens the whole Man, recreates, and makes chearful, altho' never so bad, and in a Moment raises all the sensitive Faculties.

It is also to be taken inwardly by Drops, which effectually takes off and eradicates the very Cause; for it potently relieves, comforts and strengthens the Brain, creates and corroborates the Stomach, removes Sickness from it helps Digestion, cleanses the Blood; and in a Word, is the greatest Cephalic, Stomachic, and powerful Aromatic possible.

And many Gentlemen and Ladies, by perfuming their Handkerchiefs with a few of these Drops, find it of singular Service in all the Cases above mentioned: they use it after this Manner, purely because it gives a most fragrant and delicious Odour, that instantly both delights and relieve the Senses, not only better than any thing of a musky Kind, which is really hurtful to most Constitutions, but it takes off what such Things occasion: It also relieves the Head and Brain from any ill effects of common Snuff; and instantly prevents the bad Consequences of any sudden, nauseous offensive Smell; and is therefore extremely necessary for all Gentlemen and Ladies, always to carry in their Pockets.

An immediate and never failing Cure for DEAFNESS *Thickness of Hearing, Noise or Pain in the Ears, &c.*

BY a noble Chymical Preparation, the most excellent Medicine for this Purpose that ever was known, far exceeding all Things ever yet publish'd, or made Use of; its Virtues are beyond Expression, and cannot be truly known but by Experience: Words come short of its just Praise.

It is a certain, and, as it were, an instant Cure for Deafness, Thickness of Hearing, Noise or Pain in the Ears, from what Cause soever, or of ever so long standing, having cur'd vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes and all Ages, that have been in a Manner totally deaf, after all other Means and Medicines, external and internal, by Advice, and also by Publication, have fail'd, with the greatest Ease and Safety, and to their utmost Satisfaction and Wonder; for

In a peculiar Manner, it strengthens, softens and loosens the Drum of the Ear, which by being dry'd or shrivell'd, is often the first and chief Cause of every Complaint of want of Hearing, or of Noise or Pain in the Ears, &c. to remedy all which, this noble Medicine is a true Specifick that never fails perfectly to cure all possibly curable Cases, after all other Means and Medicines have utterly fail'd, which is more than can be said of any other Thing in the whole World besides itself, Any Cold in the Head, or any Hurt by congeal'd Matter in the Ears, it instantly cures.

It is sold for 3s. 6d each Bottle, by the Author's special Appointment, (Mr Richards being dead) by Mrs. Stephens, a Milliner, at the Sign of the Blue Ball, near the Middle Temple-Gate in Fleet Street, and no where else in England.

BANKRUPTS.

John Allen, now or late of Rotherhithe, in the County of Surry, Timber Merchant.

John Thornly of the City of Norwich, Corn Merchant, Dealer in Corn, and Chapman.

This Day is publish'd,

The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Consequences (in both Sexes) considered, with Spiritual and Physical Advice to those who have allready injured themselves by this abominable Practice.

As also the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Revised and enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the several Passages in the former Impressions, that have been charged with being obscure and ambiguous, are in these cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

These Editions contain some further and surprizing Instances of the Mischiefs by that filthy, sinful Commerce with one's self, which is so notoriously practised, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inserted, shew.

And, amongst others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Answer to it, concerning the Use and Abuse of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Casuistical and other Letters from both Sexes, of some secret unnatural Effeminacies, necessary to be known both by the married and single of each Sex

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE translated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inserted in the Acta Lipsiensia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Mass of Blood; well worth the Perusal of Physicians, Surgeons, Anatomists, and all others of Art and Curiosity.

As also Dr. QUINCY's Translation of Dr. CAPR's remarkable Answer to a Letter sent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewise Dr. DRAKE's and several other Physicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reseimblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Case of a young Lady of 18, whose well-wrote Letter to the Author, describing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inserted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Physician having perused this Discourse, before it went to the Press, returned it with his Opinion of it in these Words.

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profession, or Condition 'soever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed against in it.'

Is now sold (Mr ISTED, Bookseller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetstreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookseller, at Addison's Head, opposite St Dunstan's Church, Fleetstreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3s. 6d.

N. B. The Medicines mentioned in this Book are sold as above.

The most wonderful cleansing and strengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weaknesses and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miscarriages in Women; and to cleanse and strengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained such Repute, that near 30000 Bottles have been sold since April 1734, that they were first publish'd.

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovesaid Disorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were prescrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obstinate Gleet and Weakness, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harrass'd with Electuaries, Bolusses, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Prescription (which he has still upon his File) has made Use of them ever since to Numbers of People in the very worst of Gleets, seminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Disorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmost Success and Safety; as also in all Weaknesses from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, excessive Coition, Self-Pollution, seminal Emissions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Cases thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of so divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s. 6 d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more especially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the most draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weaknesses of the Seminals and Genitals, as also of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleansing and healing, or a more strengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will say, by their soon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards restoring in these Weaknesses than any others can in ten, and is of so corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapse, even in the tenderest Constitutions, which can hardly be said of any other Medicine; and it is withal so elegantly pleasant to the Palate, and so agreeable to the Stomach that the nicest Person is delighted with it.

Mr. West, Goldsmith, who us'd to sell these Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in Law, Mr. Johnson, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-street, near Clare-Market, sealed up, with Directions, for any Messenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3 s 6 d.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY *and all Scorbutic Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without a sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, and always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, dont once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, (o as never to return again, as many Thousands of both **Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced;** for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any Other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they also directly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Distases.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and cleanse the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly lightsome brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY OF IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *whether occasioned, by* Pollutio sui, *Seminal Weaknesses of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And also

Of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weaknesses, Coldness of Constitution, or any other Cause whatever.*

The Famous and Inestimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The highest, richest, and most powerful Cordial in Nature is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenness in Women, in the Universe; and which it at once accomplishes without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have Experienced, and that by promoting the cheerful Currents of the Blood and Juices, raising all the Fluids from their languid depressed State, to one more florid and sparkling; opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenishing the crispy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating it to such a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and suddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It informes a bright lively Disposition banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression.

Abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by fast living, Strains, or Self Abuses, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, insomuch, that very many illustrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now blest with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weakness of Body, or Decay of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even seems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it self.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 5s. a Bottle, sealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

The So-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, (o as never to return again; be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirit and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other, almost innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these so much fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specifick in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, restoring the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are tho roughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions and advice at large.

For the VENEREAL DISEASE.

THE shortest, safe, and regular Cure, this Day in the World, from the slightest Infection to the most inveterate Degree of it, by a Medicine as pleasant to take, and as easy in its Operation as it is effectual in its Cure; so that the unfortunate Patient gets suddenly and surprizingly well, without Distaste to his Palate, the least Disorder of Body, or any Confinement whatever. This is that great Remedy, now so well known and long experienced to be truly infallible, and is the Grand ANTI-SIPHYLICON that Radcliff and Garth used to say would totally extirpate the Venereal Disease from the Face of the Earth, were it but universally known, and properly taken. Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their cruel attendant Symptoms, it presently cures; and if taken in Time, even prevents their taking Place. It is a safe, gentle, and pleasant Family Purge, even for Children as well as grown Persons, in all Cases where Purging is necessary; nor can the deepest Scurvy, Rheumatism, Gout, Evil, or Leprosy, stand before it, but are pleasantly cured and thoroughly extirpated by it, as well as the highest and most inveterate State of the confirmed Venereal Disease; which, with all its most raging Symptoms, it soon eradicates, restoring Health, Strength, and Vigour to the Body.

Hence it is, that so many Practitioners in Town and Country send for it for their Patients, as finding it absolutely to be depended upon, and much more safe and effectual than any other Medicine whatever. Those who once take it, will never have Recourse to any Thing else. One Pot in most Cases is sufficient for a Cure.

Price 6s. a Pot, sealed up with a Book of Instructions, by which all Persons may fully understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poison is rooted out of their Bodies. Note, This Grand Anti Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot of the Scurvy. No Letters answered unless Post-paid.

To Persons of either Sex,
Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those pertinacious Distempers: This occasioned a Physician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even so as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Affects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, fast Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wished for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attennuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capiliary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralitick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure, even by the very best Method and Medicines in usual Practice, than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses, whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio sui, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is at certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infect the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetes, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding the Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now publick for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice experienced never once to fail of perfectly curing the most stubborn Gleet, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all the Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a most extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weakness and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weakness of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the above mention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, whomsoever carefully reads will be complete Master of his own Case, perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with is a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the foul Disease is entirely extirpated or not.

Note, This fam'd Balsamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's, (Mr. Radford deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles, against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamic Electuary. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.

SUGAR PLUMS, for WORMS, &c.

THE most Curious Purge, for any Body Where A Fine Purge is Wanted, being as Innocent & Safe, as a Little RHEUBARB, &c.

12d a Dozen.——Or may buy but ONE Single PLUM, A PENNY, with Directions, Which is Enough, to bring Away WORMS, &c. from a CHILD.

Or, 2, 3, 4, Or, Half a Dozen, Or, what You Please.—Or THREE Dozen for Half a Crown,

To KEEP *in* a FAMILY.

Or to give away,——Or Sell again, And Return what is not Sell.

To be Had at Mr. Burchell's, At the ANODYNE NECKLACE, in LONG ACRE, Next Drury Lane, London.

Where are likewise to be had The ORIGINAL AUTHOR'S

ANODYNE NECKLACE Price 5s. single, and Allowance by the dozen to sell again.

And Also the Famous Gum-opening Remedy to let out

CHILDRENS TEETH Presently without Pain, and by Rubbing it's Gums, Delight the Child,

There not being such Another Help for them, this Day in the World as Easily to have their TEETH.——Price Only SIX Pence, with Directions. Or SIX Parcels for Half a Crown.

AS Mr. Burchell is the ONLY Person that Furnishes Shopkeepers and Others throughout the Kingdom with the ORIGINAL Author's Famous ANODYNE NECKLACES, Sugar Plums, & Remedies in secret Cases,

So, Any Necklaces, &c, If not had from LONG ACRE Are made up in IMITATION of the Original Author's.

Which are removed to Long Acre from Temple Bar, And, Hath

NONE of His Necklaces Sold, BEHIND the ROYAL EXCHANGE.

Where He has no Manner of Dealings At All

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